RIVER MURRAY FLOW REPORT and WATER RESOURCES UPDATE

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Report #3/2014 Issued 10:00 am 17 January 2014

This supersedes the previous flow report issued by the Department of Environment, Water and Natural Resources (DEWNR) on 10 January 2014. The next flow report will be provided on Friday, 24 January 2014.

In this report, for ease of representation, large volumes of water are expressed in gigalitres (GL), while smaller volumes are expressed in megalitres (ML). One GL is equal to 1 000 ML.

WATER RESOURCES UPDATE

During December 2013, the total River Murray System inflow was approximately 200 GL, which is less than half the December long-term average of 460 GL. Inflow to Menindee Lakes (from the Darling System) during December 2013 was 0 GL, which is well below the December long-term average of 120 GL.

The flow to South Australia during December 2013 was approximately 370 GL (compared to 530 GL in December 2012), which comprised 217 GL of Entitlement Flow, minus deferred Entitlement Flow of 20 GL and approximately 173 GL of environmental water and allocation trade.

The flow to South Australia is currently around 7 200 ML/day, which comprises the January Entitlement Flow of 7 000 ML/day, less deferred Entitlement Flow of 320 ML/day, plus environmental water. The major Murray-Darling Basin Authority controlled storages are holding around 73 per cent capacity.

STORAGE VOLUMES

Murray-Darling Basin Authority storage volumes at 15 January 2014 and 15 January 2013

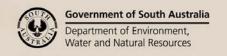
Storage	Full Supply Volume	15/1/2014	15/1/2013	Long-term average
	(GL)	(GL)	(GL)	(end of January)
Dartmouth	3 856	3 618 (94%)	3 801 (99%)	
Hume	3 003	1 960 (65%)	2 112 (70%)	
Lake Victoria	677	600 (89%)	500 (74%)	
Menindee Lakes	1 731*	616 (36%)	1 227 (71%)	
TOTAL	9 267	6 794 (73%)	7 640 (82%)	6 343 (68%)

^{*}Menindee Lakes can be surcharged to 2 015 GL

RAINFALL AND TEMPERATURE OUTLOOK

The latest Bureau of Meteorology weather outlook for January 2014 to March 2014 indicates that New South Wales and north-eastern Victoria is more likely to get a drier than normal season while the remainder of south-eastern Australia has an equal chance of a wetter or drier than normal season, with warmer temperatures.

The climate is being influenced by a neutral tropical Pacific and warm Indian Ocean.





WATER ALLOCATION OUTLOOK

South Australia will receive its full Entitlement Flow of 1 850 GL in 2013-14. As a result, South Australian River Murray Water Access Entitlement Holders will have access to 100 per cent water allocation in 2013-14. A total volume of 835 GL has been progressively reserved under the Murray-Darling Basin Agreement clause 103 (minimum reserve) to assist with supplying South Australia's Entitlement Flow in 2014-15.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA'S STORAGE RIGHT

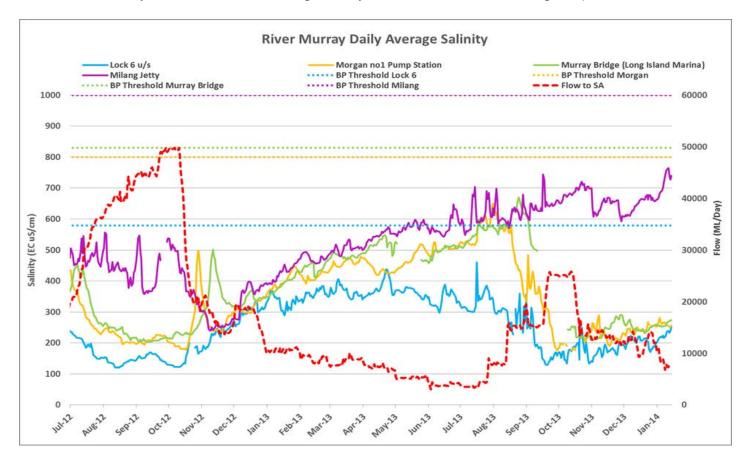
By 1 January 2014, South Australia had 20 GL of its Entitlement Flow stored in the upstream (interstate) storages for critical human water needs (CHWN) use in future dry years. South Australia has requested that the Murray-Darling Basin Authority defer and store an additional 10 GL of South Australia's Entitlement Flow in January 2014 for CHWN use in future dry years. DEWNR is currently considering opportunities to defer and store Entitlement Flow for private carryover from February 2014.

WATER QUALITY

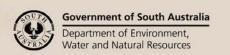
A number of targets are identified under the Basin Plan, which all Basin States must have regard to in managing River Murray flows. The targets for real-time salinity are identified below. Salinity must not exceed these values for 95 per cent of the time:

- 580 EC at Lock 6
- 800 EC at Morgan
- 830 EC at Murray Bridge
- 1 000 EC at Milang

The following graph shows the salinity at these locations and the flow to South Australia (QSA) from July 2012 to January 2014. The dotted lines identify the Basin Plan thresholds for the corresponding coloured location. It confirms that salinity has not exceeded the target at any of these four locations during this period.



Note: Data gaps are due to technical monitoring issues experienced at the site



FLOW OUTLOOK

The flow at the South Australian border is approximately 7 200 ML/day and will remain around this rate during the coming week, depending on upstream river and storage operations, extractions, and rainfall events. The flow comprises the January Entitlement Flow of 7 000 ML/day, minus deferred Entitlement Flow of 320 ML/day, plus environmental water from the Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder. Environmental water delivery is expected to cease in late January 2014. South Australia is continuing negotiations with the Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder over the delivery of additional environmental water during autumn.

The flow over Lock 1 is approximately 3 000 ML/day and will increase to around 3 500 ML/day during the coming week, depending on weather conditions and extractions.

It is important to note that flow forecasts in this advice are based on the information available at the time of preparation. They may change as new gauging information becomes available, or due to rainfall events or changed operations upstream. Flow forecasts are dependent on predictions made by the Bureau of Meteorology, Murray-Darling Basin Authority and water management agencies in upstream jurisdictions. They will be revised as new information becomes available.

BARRAGE OPERATIONS AND WATER LEVELS IN THE LOWER LAKES

The water level in Lake Alexandrina is approximately 0.72 m AHD and Lake Albert is approximately 0.76 m AHD. Due to the current extreme temperature conditions, the water level in the Lower Lakes is likely to reduce slightly in the coming week and is being managed to maximise water availability for continuous barrage releases during the remainder of summer. Barrage releases are being prioritised through the Tauwitchere and Goolwa barrages to maintain an open and functioning Murray Mouth and promote native fish migration. All barrage fishways are in operation and are being supplemented with attractant flows in adjacent bays. SA Water will continue to operate the barrages to minimise any negative salinity impacts from reverse flow events.

To see live salinity data at various locations on the River Murray and in the Lower Lakes, please refer to the following website: http://www.waterconnect.sa.gov.au/Systems/RTWD/SitePages/Home.aspx

Water levels and barrage operations are monitored closely by various agencies of the South Australian Government, Murray-Darling Basin Authority and Commonwealth Environmental Water Office.

WATER QUALITY

The New South Wales Government (through Sunraysia Regional Algal Coordinating Committee) has issued a red alert warning for toxic blue-green algae in Lake Menindee and the Great Darling Anabranch at, and upstream of, Tara Downs. The water at these sites is unsuitable for domestic, irrigation and recreational purposes. Although these toxic blue-green algal blooms pose no immediate threat to South Australia at this stage, the Murray-Darling Basin Authority and the relevant South Australian Government agencies are regularly monitoring the situation. It is not uncommon to experience algal blooms at this time of the year.

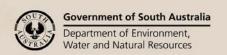
NAVIGATION ISSUES

Sandbars in the vicinity of the Murray Mouth may cause navigation hazards. Mariners are advised to navigate with caution when operating in the area. Sandbars are also present along sections of the River Murray in South Australia and all watercraft users should be aware of, and regularly check, the river depth.

CONSTRUCTION WORKS

Currency Creek

Subject to confirmation by the Commonwealth Government under the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* (Cwlth), water-based works to remove the Currency Creek Regulator are completed and the boating exclusion zone has been removed. The site has a stockpile of rock material that was removed from the regulator, which will be removed when conditions improve to enable access.





Chowilla

Construction of the Chowilla Creek Environmental Regulator and associated structures is ongoing. For public safety reasons the Chowilla Creek remains closed to navigation at the construction site. Works are also underway to upgrade the weirs on Pipeclay Creek and Slaney Creek to improve the management of flows into the Chowilla anabranch and to enable fish passage. Public access around the weirs is restricted during this construction program.

RIVER MURRAY WATER LEVELS

Below is a table of River Murray water levels at a number of locations from Lock 10 (near Wentworth) to Murray Bridge.

River Murray Water Levels on 15 January 2014

Location	River km	Normal Pool Level	Current Level (m AHD)	1974 Flood Level (m AHD)	1993 Flood Level (m AHD)
Lock 10	825.0	30.80	30.86	33.81	33.32
Lock 9 Kulnine	764.8	27.40	27.31	30.03	29.44
Lock 8 Wangumma	725.7	24.60	24.38	27.60	27.19
Lock 7 Rufus River	696.6	22.10	22.13	25.70	25.24
Lock 6 Murtho	619.8	19.25	19.25	21.03	20.50
Renmark	567.4	-	16.33	18.54	18.04
Lock 5	562.4	16.30	16.31	18.07	17.50
Lyrup	537.8	-	13.25	16.85	16.26
Berri	525.9	-	13.19	15.81	15.74
Lock 4	516.2	13.20	13.22	15.65	15.08
Loxton	489.9	-	-	15.05	14.12
Cobdogla	446.9	-	-	13.44	12.38
Lock 3	431.4	9.80	9.83	13.16	12.02
Overland Corner	425.9	-	6.27	12.73	11.58
Waikerie	383.6	-	6.28	11.26	10.24
Lock 2	362.1	6.10	6.13	10.28	9.30
Cadell	332.6	-	3.44	9.17	8.08
Morgan	321.7	-	3.21	8.85	7.65
Lock 1 Blanchetown	274.2	3.20	3.20	6.81	5.38
Swan Reach	245.0	0.75	0.71	6.06	4.51
Mannum PS	149.8	0.75	0.70	3.15	1.90
Murray Bridge	115.3	0.75	0.67	2.06	1.26

Note that the above water levels may be affected by local wind conditions.





FURTHER INFORMATION

The WaterConnect website is South Australia's comprehensive water information portal and can be accessed at: http://www.waterconnect.sa.gov.au

Up-to-date River Murray flow and water level information can be accessed at the Department of Environment, Water and Natural Resources, SA Water and Murray-Darling Basin Authority websites: http://www.waterconnect.sa.gov.au/Systems/RTWD/SitePages/Home.aspx http://www.sawater.com.au/SAWater/Environment/TheRiverMurray/River+Murray+Levels.htm www.mdba.gov.au/water/live-river-data

The Department of Environment, Water and Natural Resources has published a series of inundation maps for the River Murray. They are available at: http://www.waterconnect.sa.gov.au/Systems/RMIM/Pages/default.aspx

Information on the management of acid drainage water in the Lower River Murray can be accessed online at: http://www.epa.sa.gov.au/environmental info/water quality/acid sulfate soils ass/lower river murray reclaimed irrigation area Imria

Details of river height and rainfall information in the River Murray within Victoria and New South Wales are available at the Bureau of Meteorology website: http://www.bom.gov.au/vic/flood

Information provided by the Commonwealth Environmental Water Office can be accessed at: www.environment.gov.au/ewater/southern/murray/lower-murray.html

Information on The Living Murray can be accessed at: http://www.mdba.gov.au/about-basin/environmental-sites

Information is also available from the SA Water Hotline on 08 8595 2299

Department of Environment, Water and Natural Resources http://www.environment.sa.gov.au/Home

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